

Building Resilience: Before, During and After the Event

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Resilience

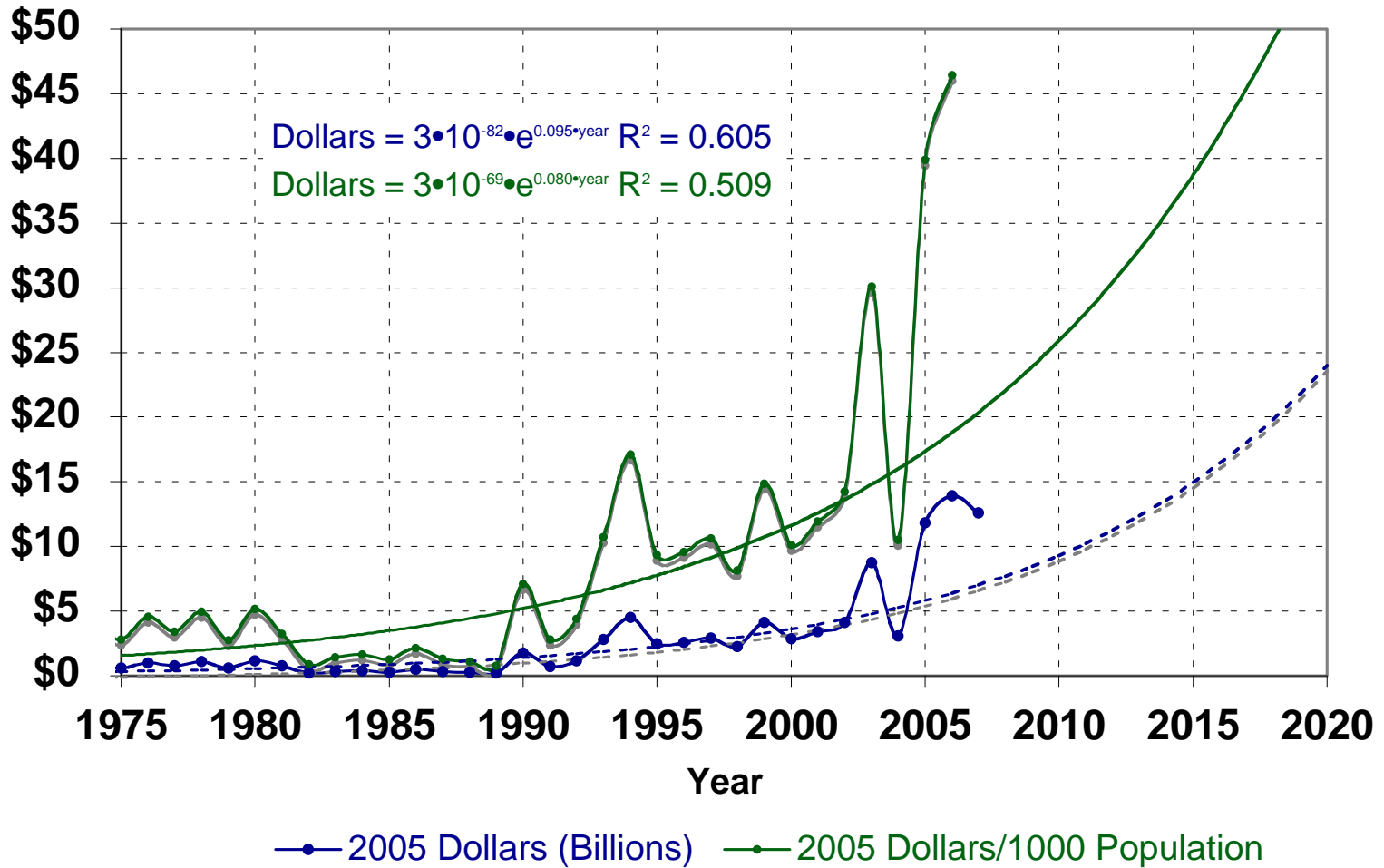
- Resilience is the ability to deflect, avoid or absorb the impact of hazards.

Challenges

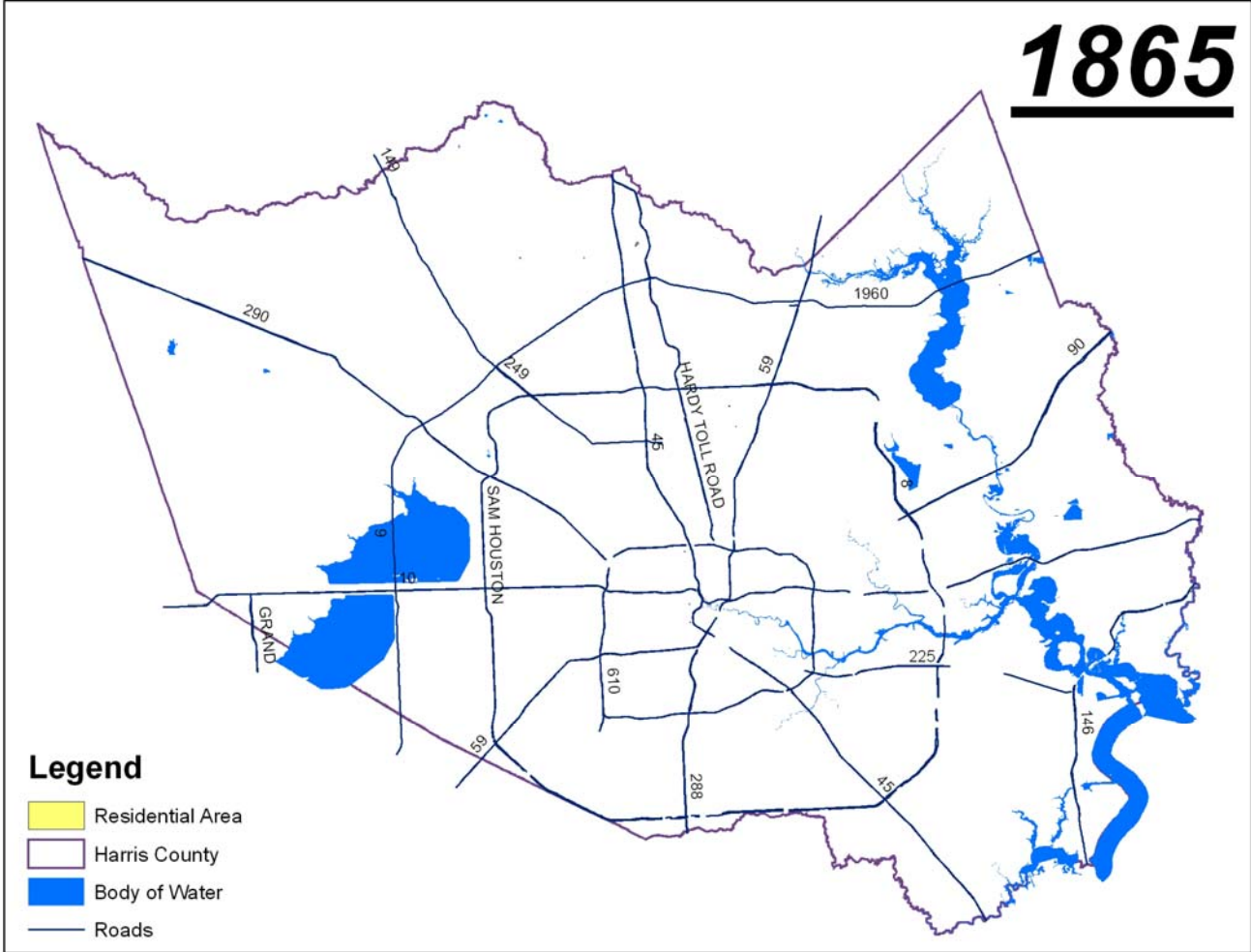
- Population Growth
- Population Distribution
- Infrastructure
- Global Warming

Figure 1 Disaster assistance funds by year.

(Dollars, Congressional Research Service, 2005; Population, U. S. Census Bureau, 2007)



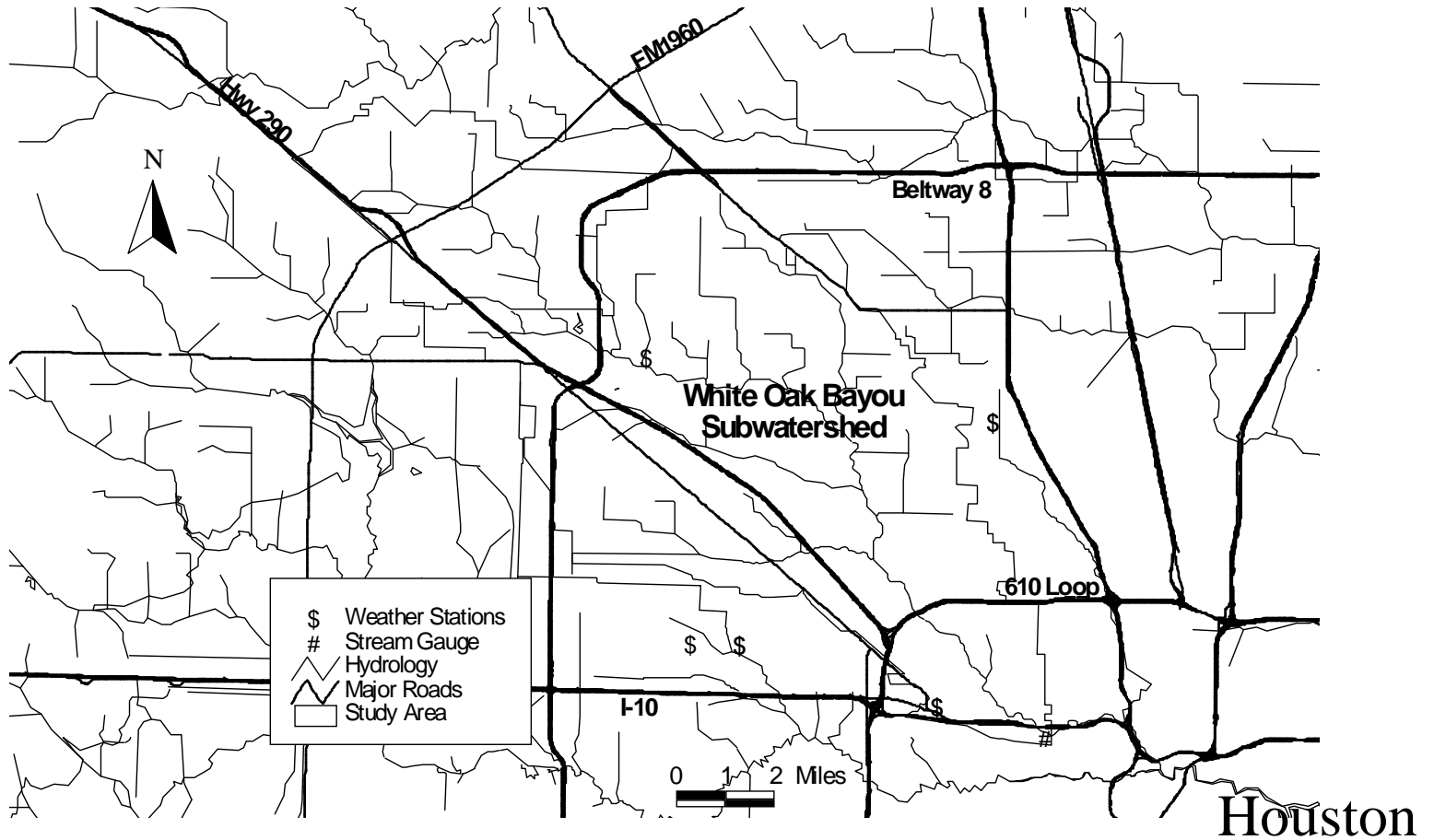
Harris County Development



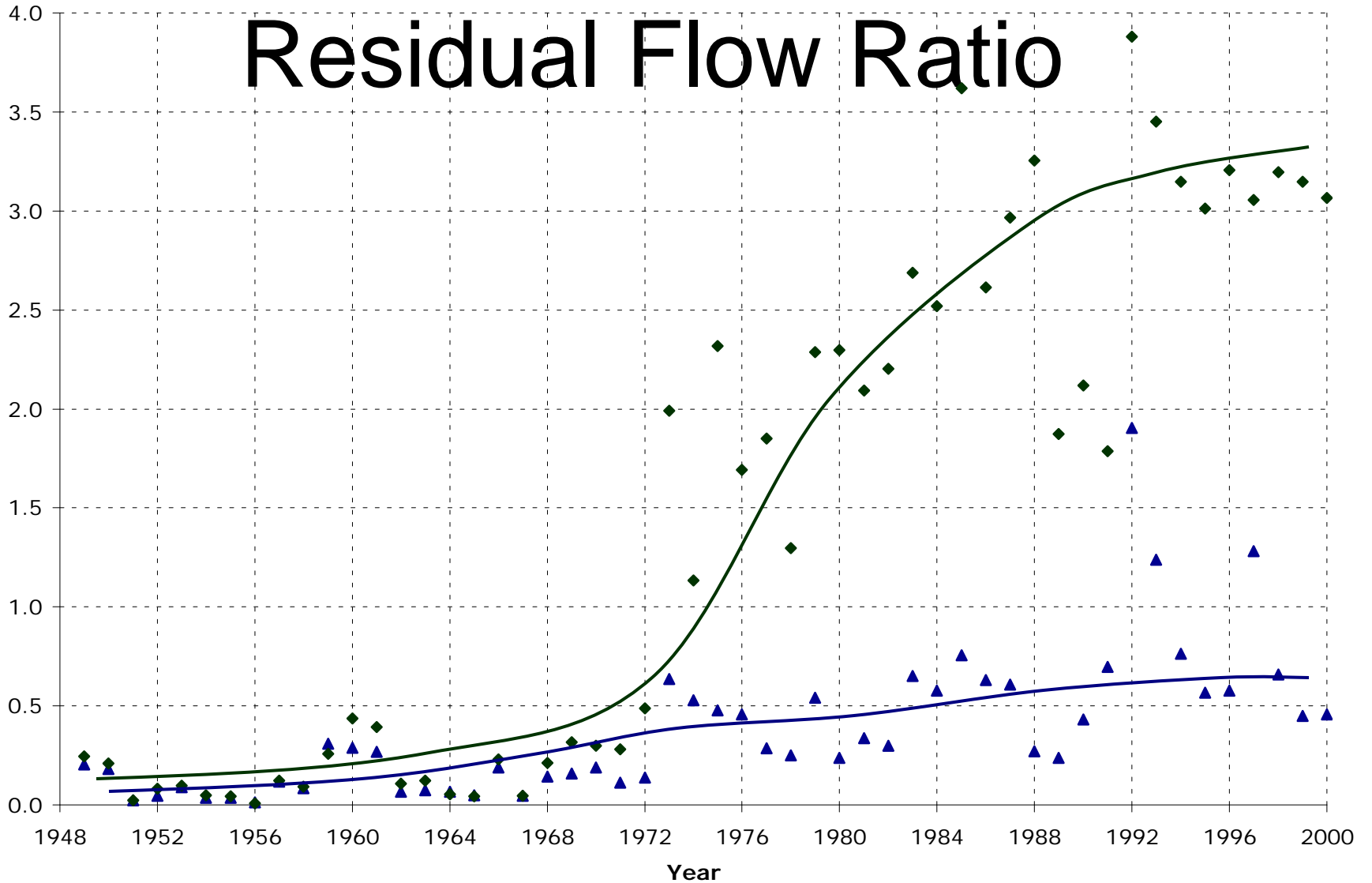
Flooding History

- 16 major floods between 1836 and 1936
- Losses of \$1.5 and \$3.0 million in 1929 and 1935 floods respectively
- 1937 Harris County Flood Control District
- 1940s Barker and Addicks reservoirs constructed
- 1972 next flood to exceed 1935 levels
 - But with only six inches of rain not 16

Study Area



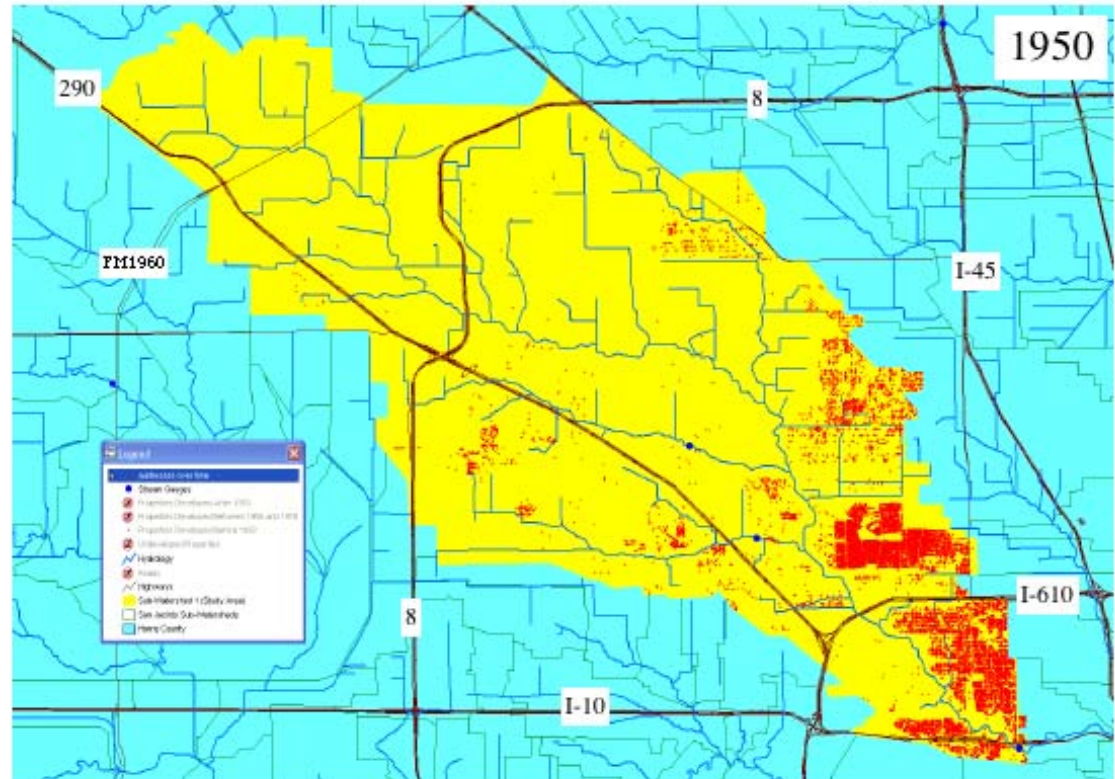
Residual Flow Ratio



▲ Pos/Neg Quad ◆ Pos/Neg Lag

Land Development by Year

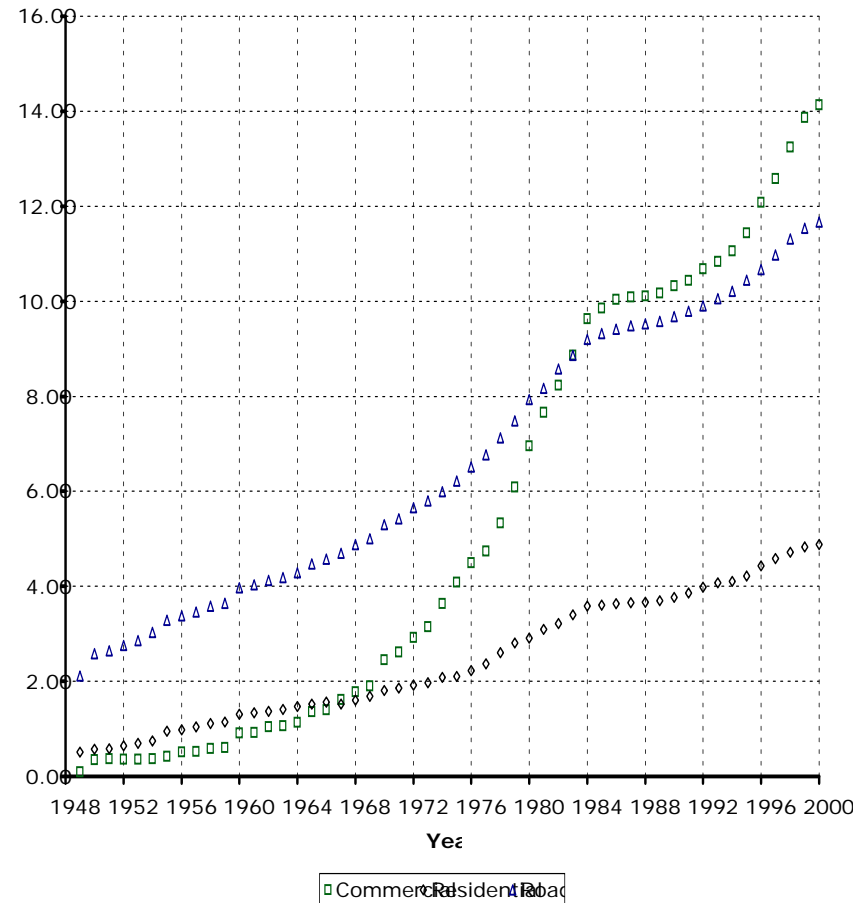
- Develops from SE to NW
- Begins Down stream
- Continues up Watershed
- Follows Riparian Zone



Impervious Cover

$$\frac{\sum(c_t)}{\text{total watershed area}} * 100$$

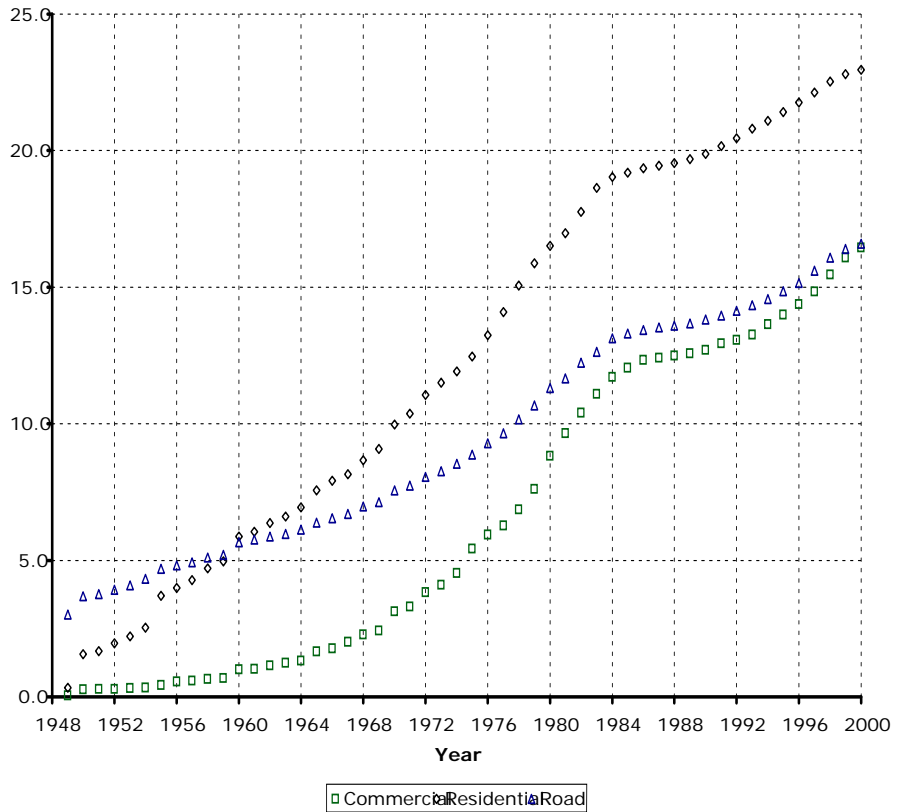
- where c_t is the area of impervious for each parcel at time t , and
- the total watershed area is constant.



Total Developed Area

$$\frac{\sum(d_t)}{\text{Total Watershed Area}} * 100$$

- where d_t is the area (in hectares) of each parcel developed at time t



Regressions on Annual Residual Flow Ratio

	Residual Model		Estimated			
	Flow	statistics*:	Parameters*:			
	Model	Adj R ²	F	Ratio		
				a	b	
Total Dev Area:						
	Roads	Lagged	0.754	153.0	-3.834	0.002
	Parcels with Roads	Lagged	0.751	151.2	-3.099	0.000
Impervious Cover:						
	Residential	Lagged	0.724	134.6	-3.129	1.074
	Roads	Lagged	0.748	152.4	-3.827	0.500
	Total Watershed	Lagged	0.726	137.7	-2.844	0.162

New Mitigation Efforts

After 1974

- 1984 New Drainage Criteria Adopted
- 1985 Detailed Flood Plain Maps Issued
- Updated Development Regulations
 - On site detention or \$\$ regional detention
 - No net gain outflow

Adjustments After 1974

$$Y = a + b_1x + b_2x_p + b_3x_px$$

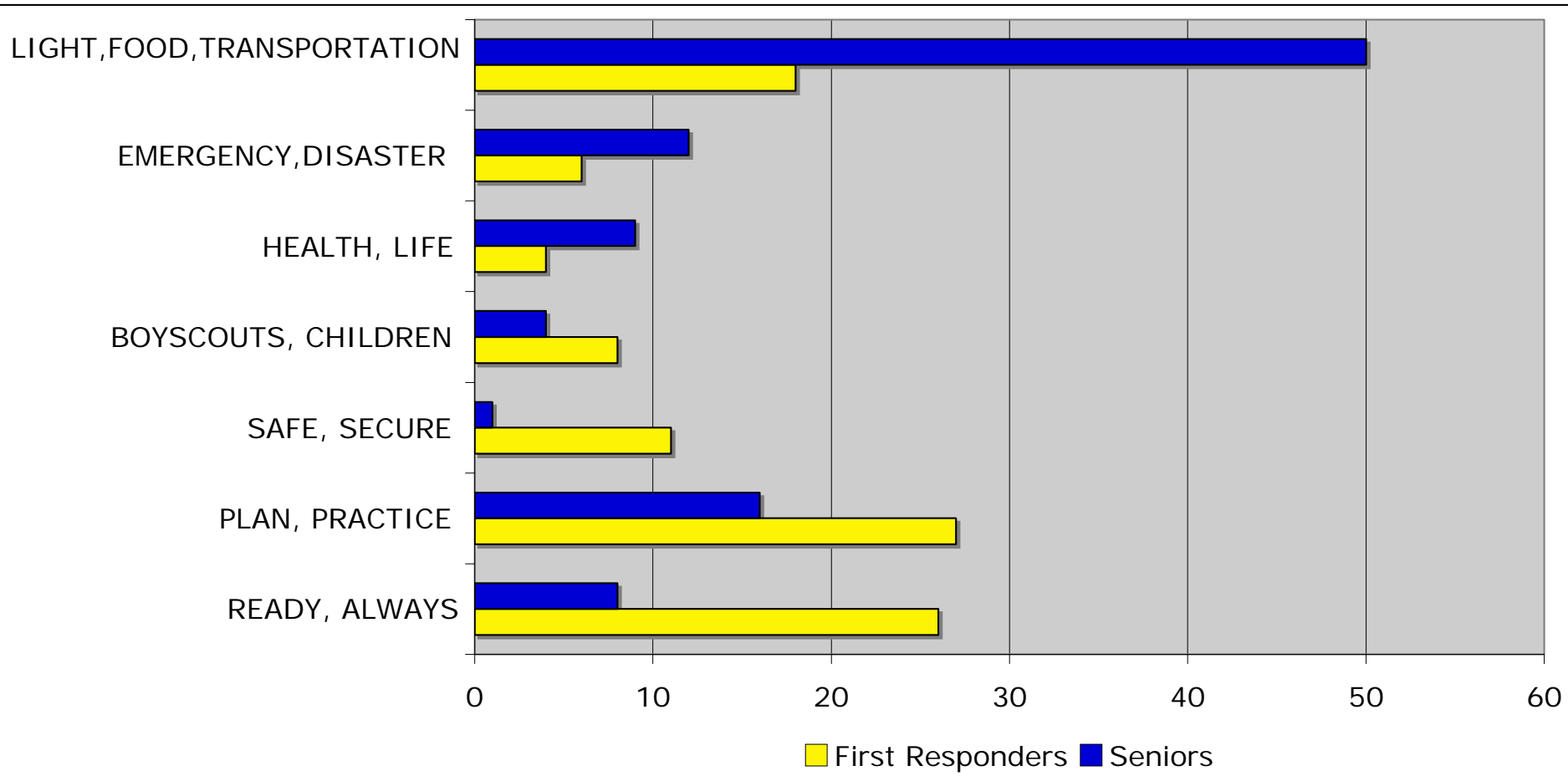
	Estimated Model Parameters:			Slope Adjustments:		
	Parameter*	Estimated	Prob	Slope	Prob	
	Adj R ²	a ₁	b ₁	b ₃	Prob	
Total Dev Area:						
Roads	0.890	-0.4510	0.0006	0.0104	0.0005	0.0008
Parcel with Roads	0.889	-0.1820	0.0001	0.0213	0.0001	0.0037
Impervious Cover:						
Residential	0.883	-0.0776	0.3039	0.0719	0.4398	0.0004
Roads	0.890	-0.4453	0.1818	0.0109	0.1507	0.0008
Total Watershed	0.883	-0.0808	0.0610	0.0546	0.0589	0.0147

where x_p is 1 after policy, else zero

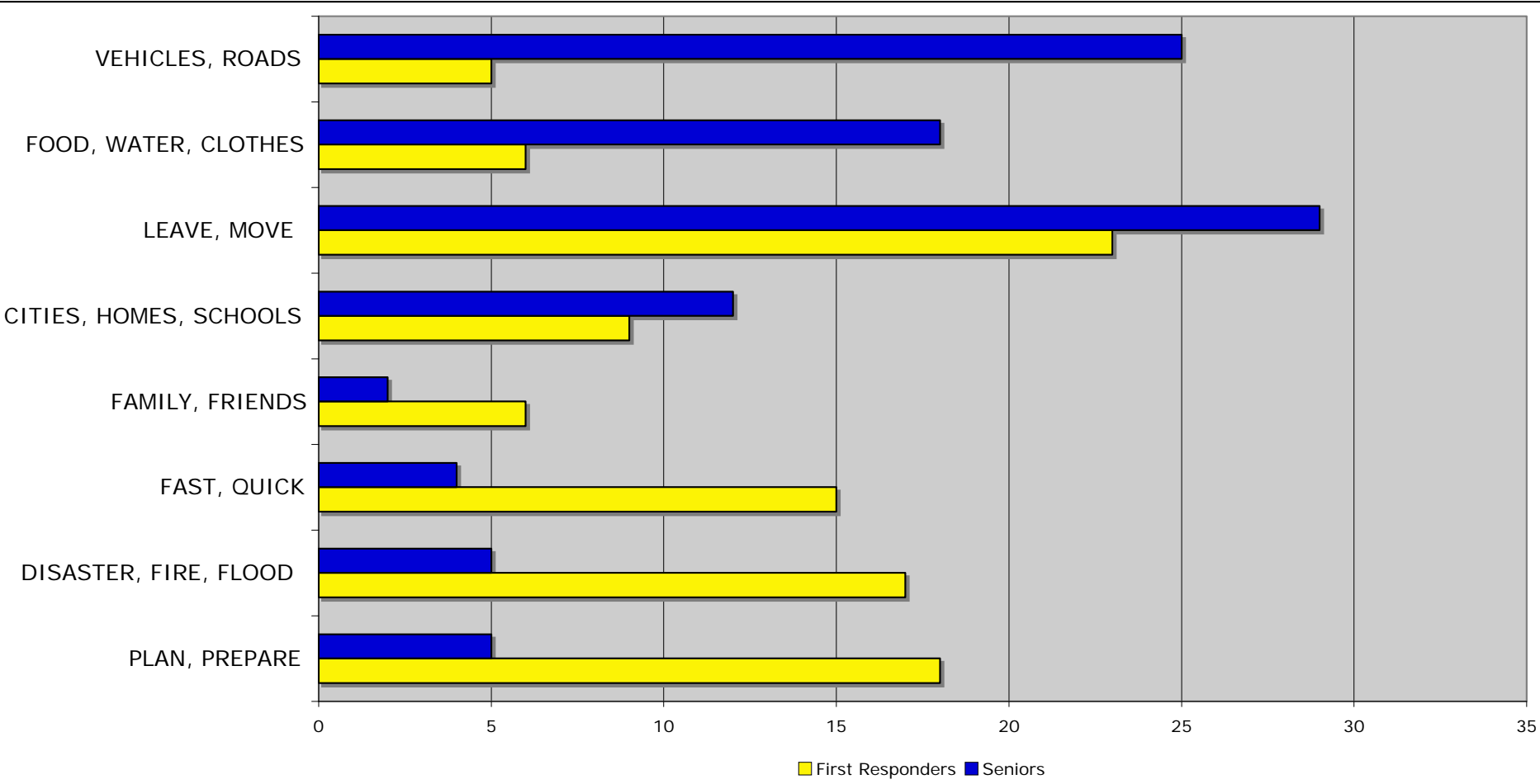
Risk In Two Cultures

	Army	Natives
Place Name	Johnston Atoll	Kalama
Location	800 SW HI	Part of HI
History	Military > 1940	Stolen from Kingdom HI
Perceived Risk	Probability > 10^{-8}	Happen
Acceptable Risk	Minimal Risk	No Risk
Perspective	Deductive Linear Bounded	Inductive nonlinear Expansive

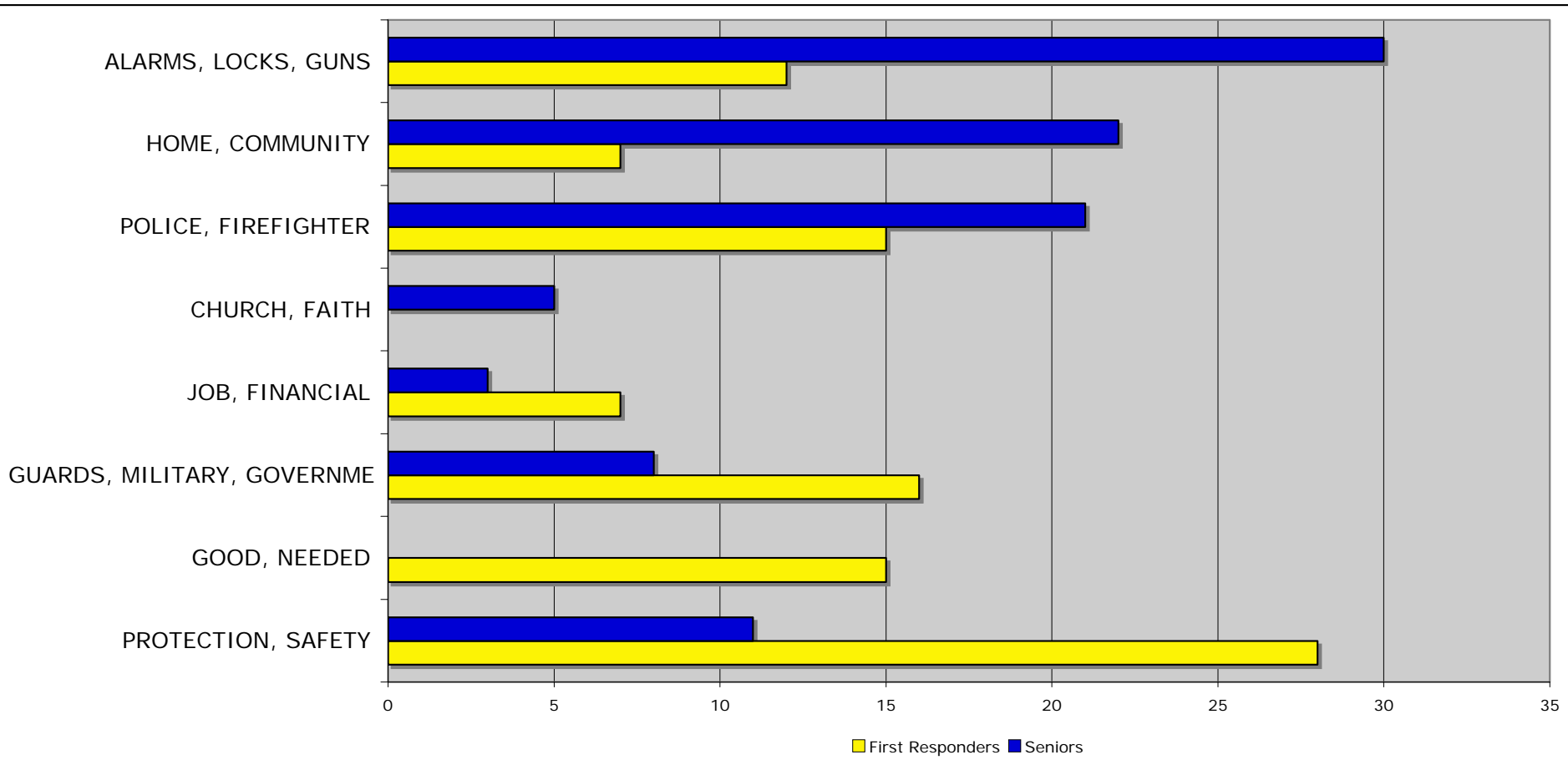
Be Prepared



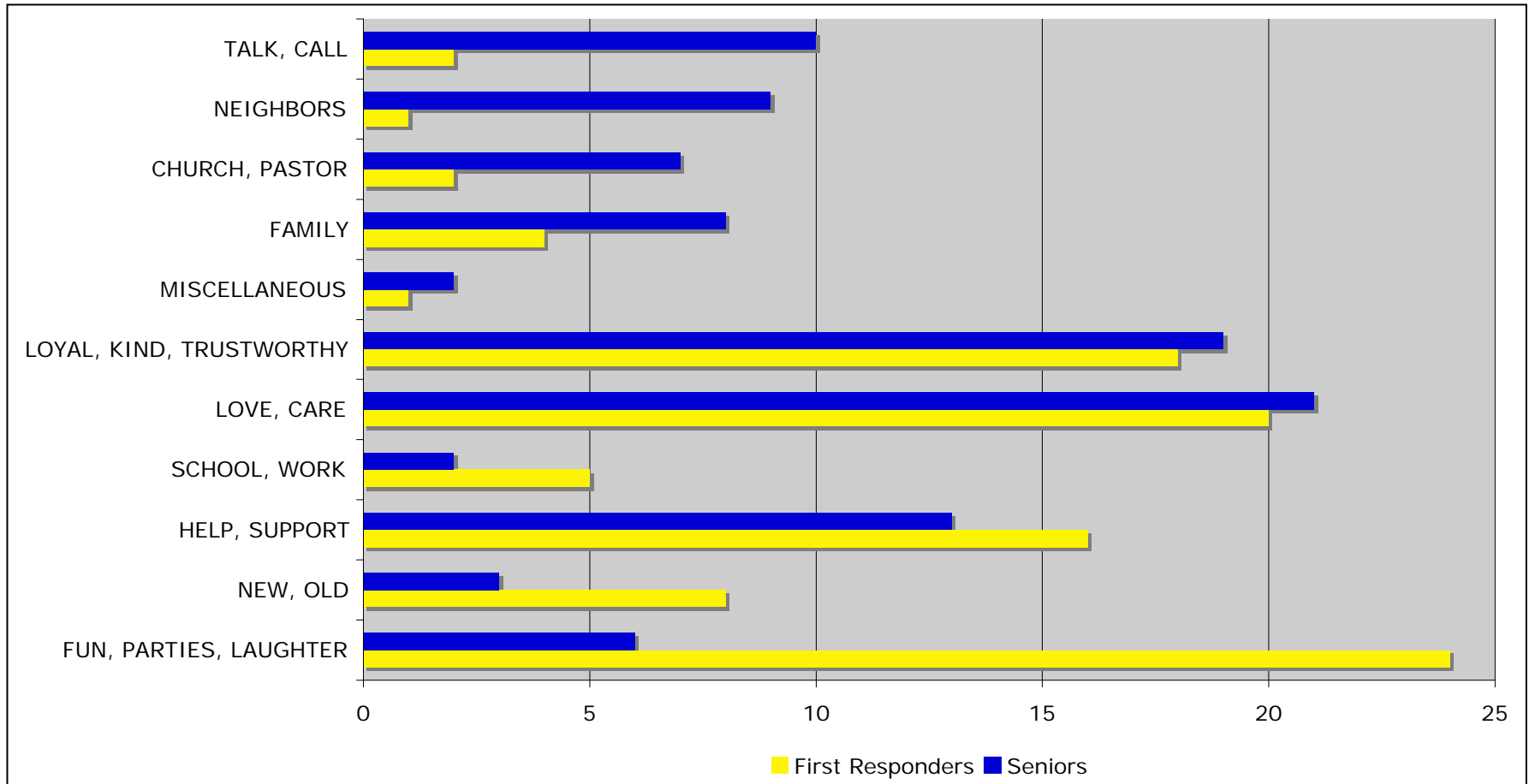
Evacuate



Security



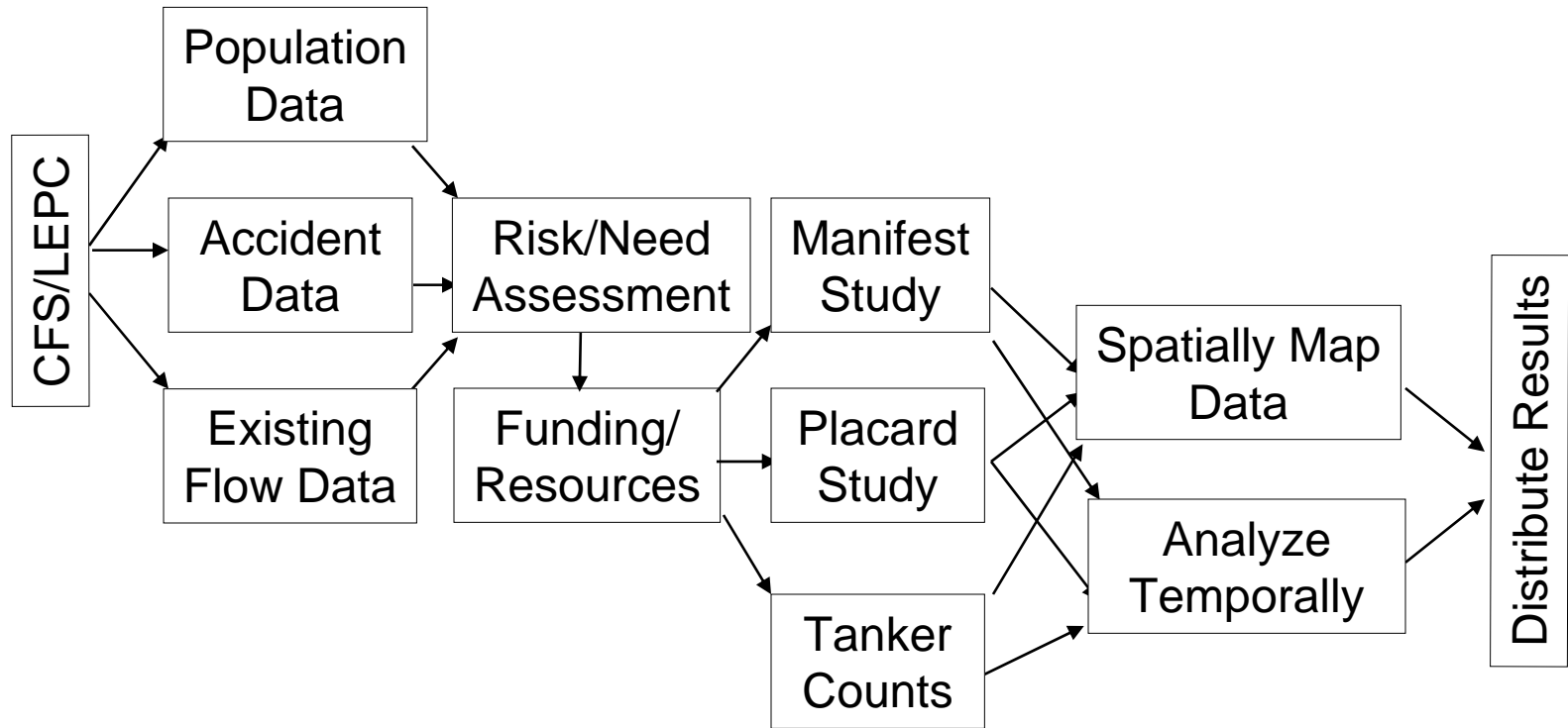
Friends



Hazardous Materials CFS

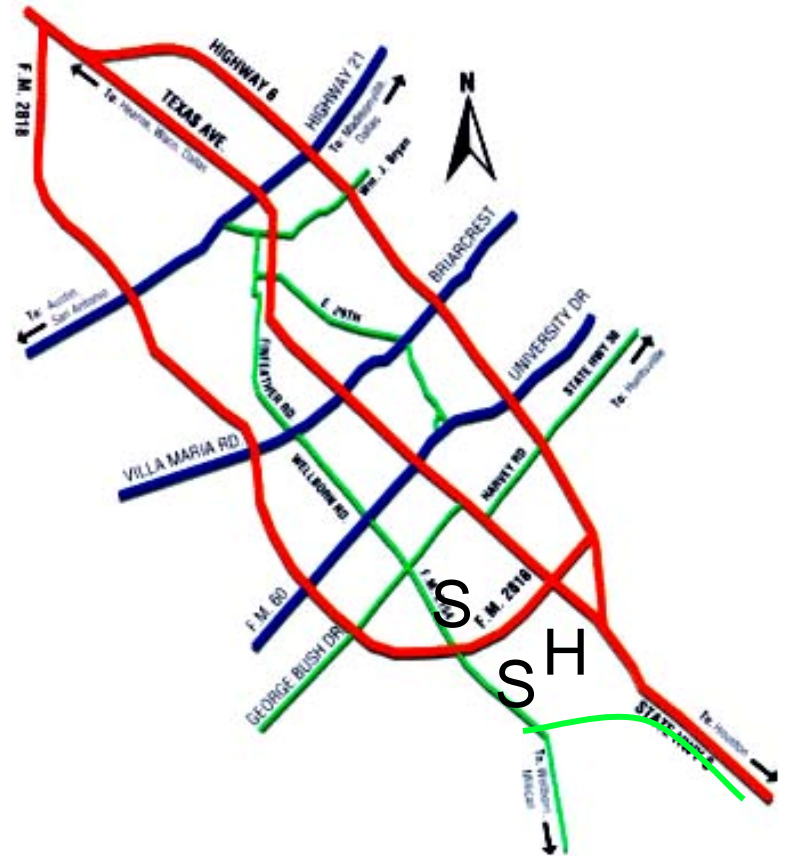
- Designate Hazardous Materials Routes
- Improve Emergency Response & Training
- Increase Compliance & Enforcement
- Enhance Highway Safety

Hazardous Materials CFS

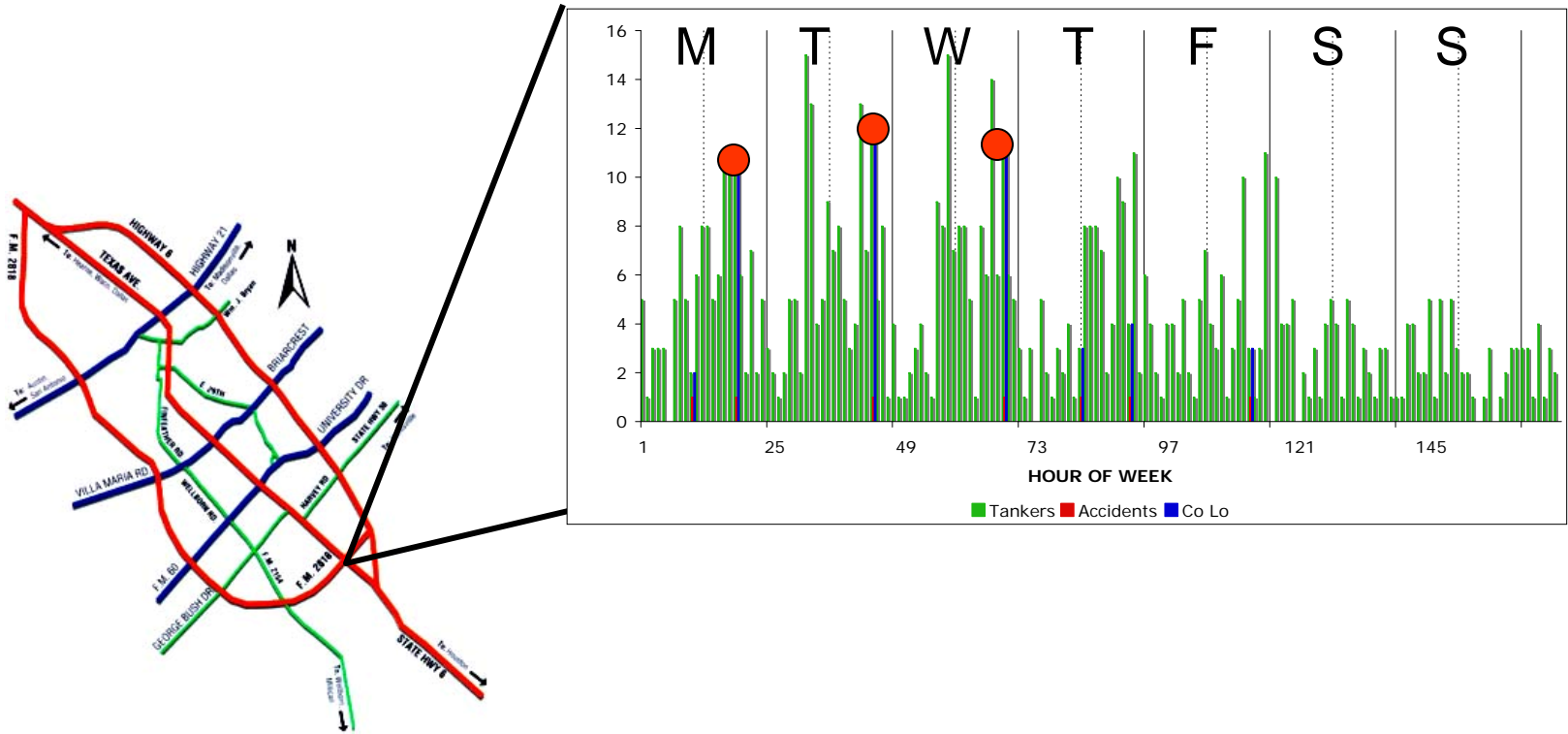


Mapping Hot Spots

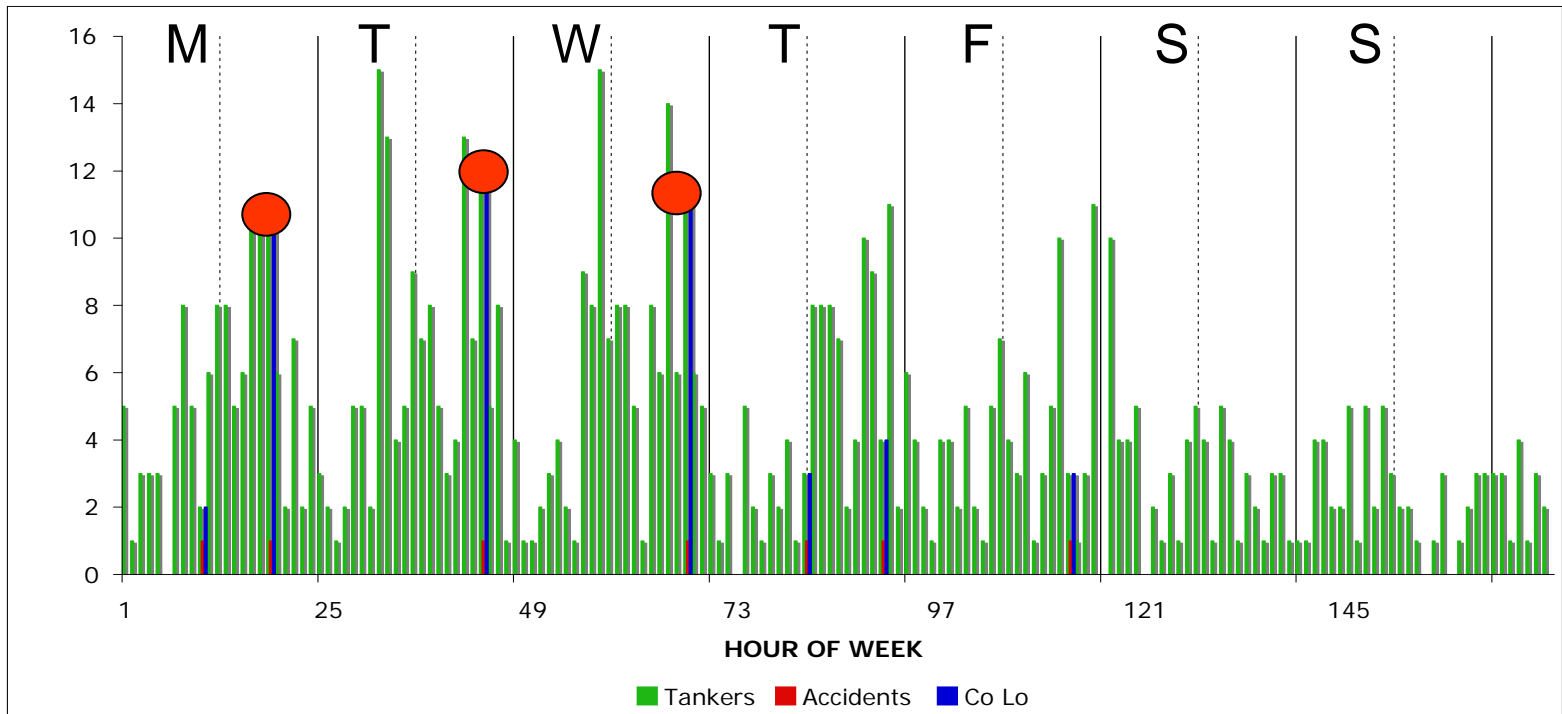
- Co-location of:
- Hazardous Materials
- Population
- Traffic & Accidents
- Vulnerable Populations



Temporal Analysis



Temporal Analysis



Conclusions

- Land Use
- Risk Communication
- Risk Analysis
- Full Cycle Risk Management
- Innovation by Local Communities